BUDGET RESOLUTION/Health Insurance for Children

SUBJECT: Senate Concurrent Budget Resolution for fiscal years 1998-2002 . . . S.Con. Res. 27. Domenici modified amendment No. 307.

ACTION: AMENDMENT AGREED TO, 98-2

SYNOPSIS: As reported, S. Con Res. 27, the Concurrent Budget Resolution for fiscal year 1998, will balance the Federal budget in fiscal year (FY) 2002 by slowing the overall rate of growth in spending over the next 5 years to below the rate of growth in revenue collections (the Congressional Budget Office recently revised upwards its 5-year revenue estimate by \$225 billion).

The Domenici modified amendment would not change any of the totals in the resolution. Originally, it was offered as a substitute to the Hatch/Kennedy amendment (see vote No. 76) and would have had the effect of eliminating that amendment's tax and spending increases. The Domenici amendment would note that the Bipartisan Budget Agreement of May 15, 1997 as implemented in this resolution will spend \$16 billion over 5 years to provide up to 5 million additional children with health insurance coverage by 2002. The amendment would further note that the additional funds could be used for one or more of the following: Medicaid, including outreach activities to identify and to enroll eligible children, efforts to provide 12-month continuous eligibility, and programs to restore Medicaid for disabled children who are losing Supplemental Security Income benefits due to new, reformed qualification rules; and a program of capped mandatory grants to the States to finance health insurance coverage for uninsured children. Finally, the amendment notes that the funds will be used in the most cost-effective manner possible to expand coverage and services for low-income and uninsured children.

Those favoring the amendment contended:

For all the reasons we have expressed in the debate on the Hatch/Kennedy amendment (see vote No. 76), we believe that this

	YEAS (98)				NAYS (2)		NOT VOTING (0)	
Republican Der		nocrats	Republicans (2 or 4%)	Democrats (0 or 0%)	Republicans Democrat			
		(45 or 100%)			(0)	(0)		
Abraham Allard Ashcroft Bennett Bond Brownback Burns Campbell Chafee Coats Cochran Collins Coverdell Craig D'Amato DeWine Domenici Enzi Faircloth Frist Gorton Gramm Grams Grams Grassley Gregg Hatch Helms	Hutchisson Hutchisson Inhofe Jeffords Kempthorne Kyl Lott Lugar Mack McCain McConnell Murkowski Nickles Roberts Roth Santorum Sessions Shelby Smith, Bob Smith, Gordon Snowe Specter Stevens Thomas Thurmond Warner	Akaka Baucus Biden Bingaman Boxer Breaux Bryan Bumpers Byrd Cleland Conrad Daschle Dodd Dorgan Durbin Feingold Feinstein Ford Glenn Graham Harkin Hollings Inouye	Johnson Kennedy Kerrey Kerrey Kerry Kohl Landrieu Lautenberg Leahy Levin Lieberman Mikulski Moseley-Braun Moynihan Murray Reed Reid Robb Rockefeller Sarbanes Torricelli Wellstone Wyden	Hagel Thompson			TION OF ABSENBUSINESS ily Absent nced Yea nced Nay Yea	

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amendment adequately addresses the problem of uninsured children in America. It is going to take a little time, and a little experience, to figure out what works best, and to put the \$16 billion in this budget resolution for those children to the best possible use. We definitely should not throw another \$20 billion at the problem before we have even designed the program, and in the process destroy the Bipartisan Budget Agreement with tax and spending increases. We urge our colleagues to adopt this amendment instead of the Hatch/Kennedy amendment.

While favoring the amendment, some Senators expressed the following reservations:

We are glad that this budget resolution assumes that \$16 billion will be spent to make medical care available to millions of uninsured children in America, and we are certain it will be spent wisely. However, we do not see this amendment as a substitute for the Hatch/Kennedy amendment, because \$16 billion is just not enough money to take care of all the children in need. We need to spend another \$20 billion. We will vote for this amendment, but we will vote for the Hatch/Kennedy amendment too.

No arguments were expressed in opposition to the amendment.